Childhood Cancer Data Initiative Webinar Series

The National Childhood Cancer Registry (NCCR): Leveraging Data Standards for Improving Interoperability

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Today's Speakers



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Disclosures

- Wayne Liang, Nikki Wood, and David Noyd are Westat consultants to the NCI Surveillance Research Program and Clinical Consultants for Oncology Research and Evaluation Program.
- Wayne Liang is also a consultant and advisor for ChemoMap and Genoplex.ai.

Agenda

- NCCR Data Platform and Pediatric Data Standards
- NCCR Data Harmonization Process
- Implementing Treatment Standards: HemOnc.org
- Minimal Common Oncology Data Elements (mCODE)

NCCR Data Platform and Pediatric Data Standards

Wayne H. Liang, M.D., M.S.

Central Cancer Registries





NCI SEER (Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results):

- 50% of U.S. population
- More detailed data



CDC NPCR (National Program of Cancer Registries):

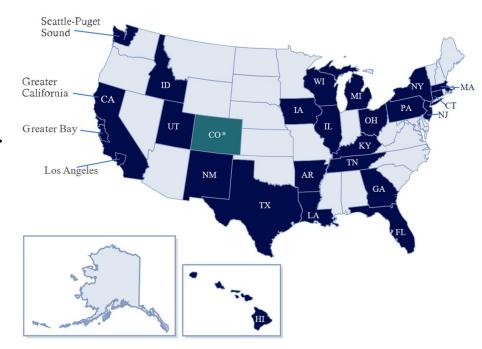
- 96% of U.S. population
- Less detailed data

Characteristics

- State-based
- Federally mandated reporting
- Manually abstracted from treatment centers
- Generates national cancer statistics
- Lacks comprehensive data required to understand the full patient journey

National Childhood Cancer Registry (NCCR)

- Component of CCDI
- A connected data infrastructure to enable sharing of childhood cancer data from multiple and heterogeneous data sources
- Enriches SEER and NPCR data with other data



^{*} Data from Colorado is not yet included in the current NCCR data release.

NCCR Data Sources and Domains

Data Sources

- Central Registries
- NCI-Designated Cancer Centers
- Children's Oncology Group (COG)
- Pediatric Proton/Photon Consortium Registry (PPCR)
- Virtual Pooled Registry (VPR)
- Administrative data sources
- Clinical trials, survivorship studies, etc.

Data Domains

- Longitudinal treatment, comorbid conditions, procedures, outcomes, etc.
- Social determinants of health
- Radiation oncology treatment
- Clinical genomic reports



Source: Canva

NCCR Data Products

NCCR*Explorer

- Open access
- 25 NCCR registries:
 - 70% of U.S. population
 - 1,700,440 reported cancer cases
- Sources: SEER NCCR; NAACCR CiNA submissions

nccrexplorer.ccdi.cancer.gov/appl ication.html

NCCR Data in SEER*Stat



- Registered access
- User queries
- 15 NCCR registries:
 - 49% of U.S. population
 - 973,935 reported cancer cases
- Sources: NAACCR CiNA submissions; transition to NCCR submissions

seer.cancer.gov/seerstat/

datacatalog.ccdi.cancer.gov/dataset/CCDI-NCCR%20SEER*Stat

Coming soon!

NCCR Data Platform



- Registered and controlled access
- User queries
- Cloud-based or downloaded custom data sets (approved, individual-level)
- 18 SEER core and 4 SEER RSR registries:
 - 57% of U.S. population
 - 1,543,269 reported cancer cases
- Sources: Multiple linked and harmonized data sources (central registries, NCCR submissions, other)

*Dx @ ages 0-19 for some registries



CCDI Data Harmonization Objectives

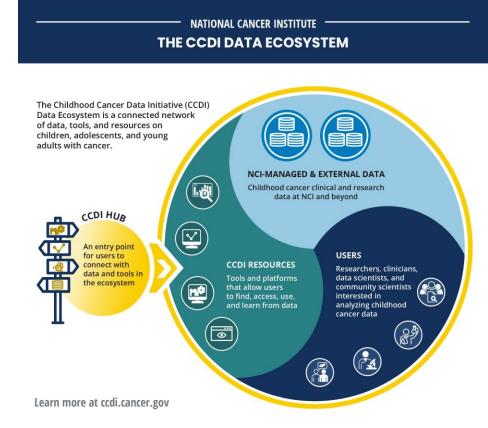
- Establish consistent and interoperable standards for collecting, storing, and sharing pediatric cancer data
- Facilitate data integration across studies for streamlined analysis
- Develop core pediatric elements for clinical and research purposes



Source: Shutterstock

Data Standards: Cross-Domain Collaboration

- Data standards are critical for interoperability across the CCDI Data Ecosystem
- CCDI data standards are being developed in collaboration with the:
 - NCI Semantics Infrastructure Team
 - Pediatric Cancer Data Commons (University of Chicago)
 - CCDI Molecular Characterization Initiative Disease Committee
 - HemOnc.org
 - mCODE



NCI's Semantics Infrastructure: Promote Interoperability

NCI Thesaurus (NCIt):

Controlled vocabulary of biomedical concepts

Cancer Data Standards Registry and Repository (caDSR):

Structured repository for clinical and research metadata

Common Data Elements (CDEs):

- Standardized metadata elements for clinical and research use
- Incorporates terms from NCIt
- Managed within caDSR



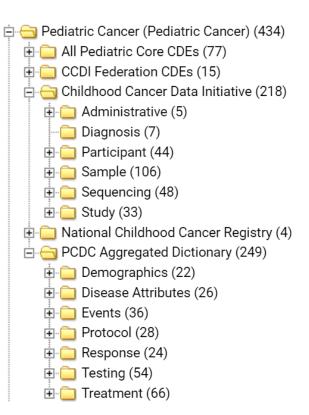
Source: Shutterstock

Pediatric Cancer CDEs

- 434 CDEs (as of July 2024)
- Multiple clinical and research domains:
 - Administrative, Demographics, Diagnosis, Treatment, Specimen, Molecular, and Imaging, etc.
- Linked to reference data standards or cross-walked to other CDEs

Reference Data Standards

HL7 FHIR mCODE, HemOnc.org, OMOP, PRISMM, OncoTree, UBERON, OBO, GA4GH, HGVS, PCORnet, HPO, SNOMED CT, LOINC, ASTRO, etc.



cadsr.cancer.gov/onedata/Home.jsp

NCCR Data Harmonization Process

C. Austin Fitts, Pharm.D.

NCCR Cancer Center Data Harmonization Clinical Team



Austin Fitts. Pharm.D. National Cancer Institute



Elaine Fan. M.D. University of Kansas, Wichita

Wavne Liang, M.D., M.S.

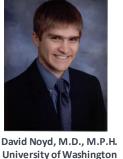
Children's Healthcare of

Atlanta and Emory

University



and Seattle Children's Hospital





Jeremy Warner, M.D., M.S. **Rhode Island Hospital and Brown University**

HemOnc.org Editorial Board Pediatric Team

NCCR Cancer Center Data Harmonization (2021)



Standards Task Team



Nikki Wood, D.O. Children's Mercy Kansas City and University of



Methods for Harmonization of Complex Data Elements

Patient data submitted by cancer centers

Identify standardized data elements

Validation of interoperability and accuracy

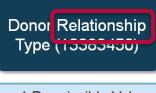
Transform data to common standards

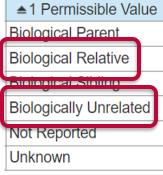
Release harmonized data set to researchers

Harmonization Example: Transplant Type

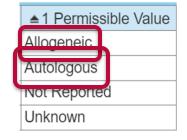
 Cancer Center Permissible Values

- Matched Unrelated
- Autologous
- Matched Related
- Unknown
- Syngeneic
- Haploidentical Related
- Other











```
Match
Non-Match
Not Reported
Unknown
```

Harmonization Example: Transplant Type

Cancer Center Permissible Values Donor Relationship Type (13383450) Transplant Protocol Type (13376562)

HLA Status (13376564)

Autologous

Not Applicable

Autologous (C16039)

Not Applicable

Matched Unrelated Biologically Unrelated (C130053)

Allogenic (C46089)

Match (C129972)

Haploidentical related

Biological Relative (C71384)

Allogenic (C46089) Non-Match (C126298)

Syngeneic

Biological Sibling (C100809)

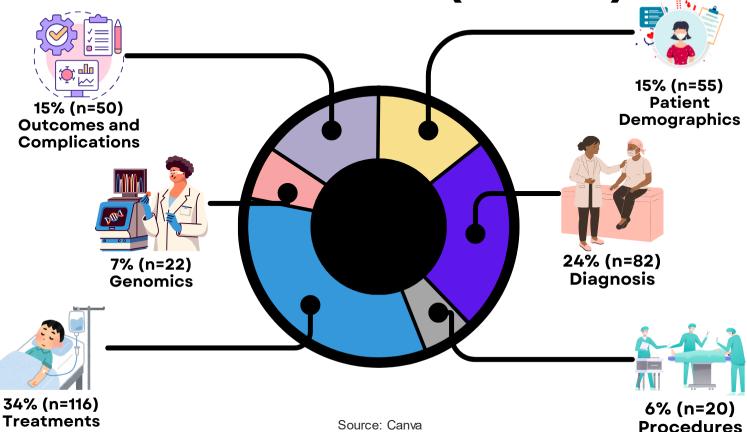
Allogenic (C46089)

Match (C129972)

Cancer Center Supplements: Data Harmonization

- 12 Cancer Centers
 - Submitted 6,500 columns
 - Representing over 25,000 patients
 - Across 23 million rows of patient data
- General Stats
 - Over 3.5 billion non-null data points to harmonize
 - Average of 77,000 data points submitted per patient
 - Average data completeness was 96% (% of non-null data)

Breakdown of Harmonized Data Elements (n = 345)



Examples of Cancer Center Data Elements Augmenting

Patient Demographics	Diagnosis	Treatments	Outcomes
Insurance	Performance Status	Chemotherapy Received	Lab Results
Education Level	Morphology	Radiation Received	Complications and Adverse Events
Past Medical History	Tumor Genomics	Stem Cell Transplants	Hospital Admissions



Cloud-Native Data Sharing through the NCCR Data Platform

Authentication and Authorization

- Federated identities for authentication
- Approve users using SEER Data Access Request process
- Continually validate appropriate data use and manage authorization

Data Browser

Learn about data sources linked to registry data using PII or PPRL

Cohort Discovery

 Search for a defined cohort of patients and view aggregate statistics and counts

Governance

- Request access to individual-level data and support reviews of requests
- Create custom data sets for a user based on the data access request

Data Release and Analysis

 Release custom data sets to researchers for analysis with statistical software programs like R Studio, Jupyter Notebooks, SAS

CCDI Data Ecosystem

 Enable data sharing with other CCDI data resources (e.g., CRDC) at NCI and other institutions

Implementing Treatment Standards: HemOnc.org

Nikki Wood, D.O.

Comparing Cancer Treatment Using Real World Data





Central registry data lacks detailed treatment data

Treatment as Prescribed vs Treatment Received—Dose modifications, missed doses, missing data



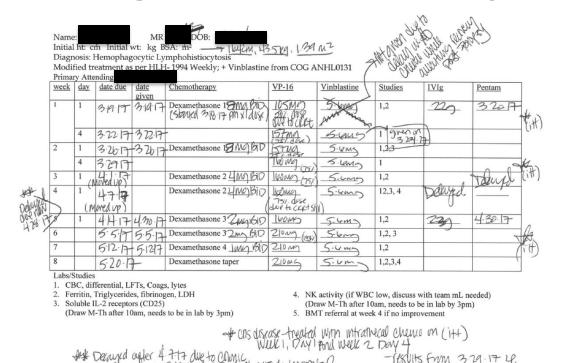
Needs

Medication administration record and prescription filling data

Match drugs/treatments to cancer regimens

A standardized vocabulary of regimens

Challenge of Paper Chemotherapy Roadmaps



- Chemotherapy regimens are complex
- Paper roadmaps are the mainstay for documentation
- Efforts to create machineinterpretable electronic roadmaps will facilitate standardized, discrete, and transferable chemotherapy regimen metadata

Wyatt KD, Noyd DH, Wood NM, et al. Data standards in pediatric oncology: Past, present, and future. *Pediatric Blood & Cancer*. 2023 Feb. doi: 10.1002/pbc.30128.



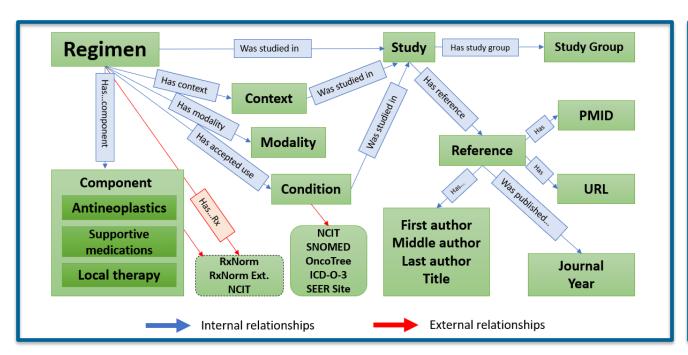
HemOnc.org Vocabulary of Cancer Regimens

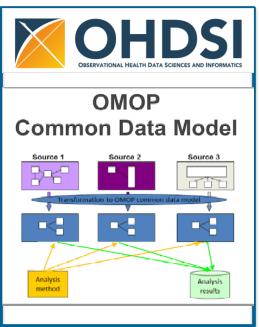
- Largest freely available, computable knowledge resource of cancer regimens
- Machine readable standard vocabulary for chemotherapy regimen representation in the OMOP common data model
- Derived from HemOnc.org website
- Free for non-commercial use
- Available within OHDSI ATHENA vocabularies repository: <u>athena.odhsi.org</u>
- Available on Harvard Dataverse for download: dataverse.harvard.edu/dataverse/HemOnc

"An ontology is a FORMAL, EXPLICIT, specification of a SHARED conceptualization."

Rudi Studer (1998)

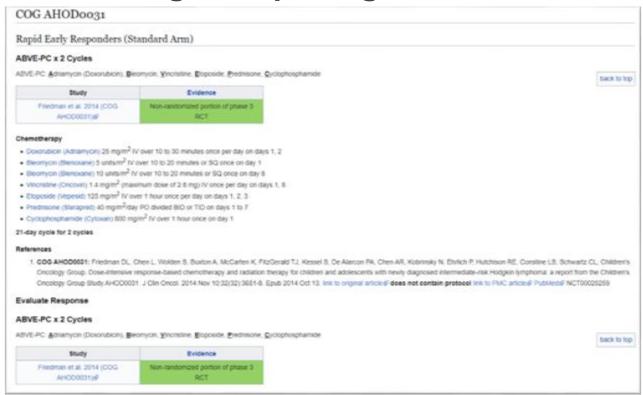
The HemOnc Regimen Model





Warner JL, Dymshyts D, Reich CG, et al. HemOnc: A new standard vocabulary for chemotherapy regimen representation in the OMOP common data model. *Journal of Biomedical Informatics*. 2019 Aug. doi: 10.1016/j.jbi.2019.103239.

HemOnc.org Example Regimen: COG AHOD0031



HemOnc.Org. Classical Hodgkin lymphoma, pediatric. Edited June 27, 2024. https://hemonc.org/wiki/Classical_Hodgkin_lymphoma,_pediatric#COG_AHOD0031.

Uses of HemOnc.org Regimen Vocabulary



Disease → Common Cancer Regimens

Identify
regimens that a
patient with a given
cancer may have
received



Cancer
Regimen → Components

Resolve missing or conflicting data when the regimen is known



Regimen Components ->
Likely Regimens

Identify possible regimens that a patient received based on chemotherapy components



Real World
Data → Real World
Evidence

Enables comparative analysis of cancer treatments real patients received using registry data

Mapping of NCCR treatment data to HemOnc.org regimen vocabulary may augment the use of NCCR for comparative analysis of cancer treatments.

Minimal Common Oncology Data Elements (mCODE)

David H. Noyd, M.D., M.P.H.

Minimum Common Oncology Data Elements (mCODE)

A FHIR-based core set of common data elements for cancer that is standardized, computable, clinically applicable and available in every electronic health record for patients with a cancer diagnosis

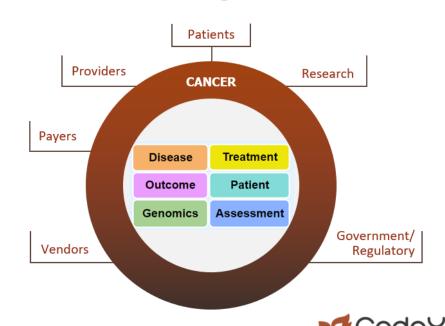
A standard health record for oncology

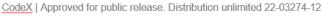
The **minimal set of data elements** applicable to all cancers, and collected for:

Standardized information exchange

Use-case driven and targeted use

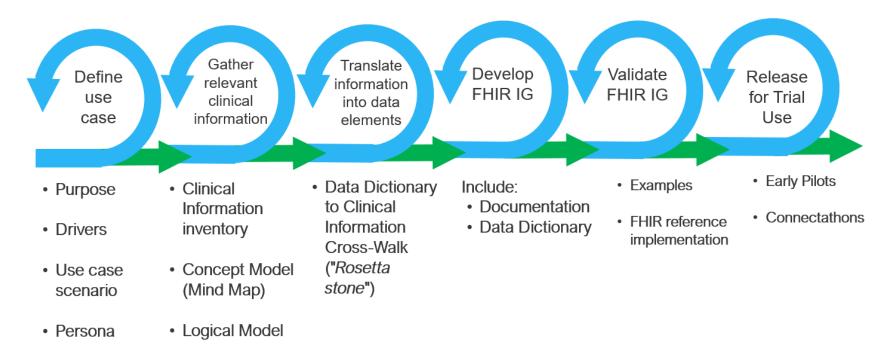
Oncology data element domains: patient, disease, treatment, outcomes, genomics, lab/vital







FHIR Implementation Guide Process (Initial Methodology)





Childhood Cancer-Data Integration for Research, Education, Care, and Clinical Trials (CC-DIRECT)

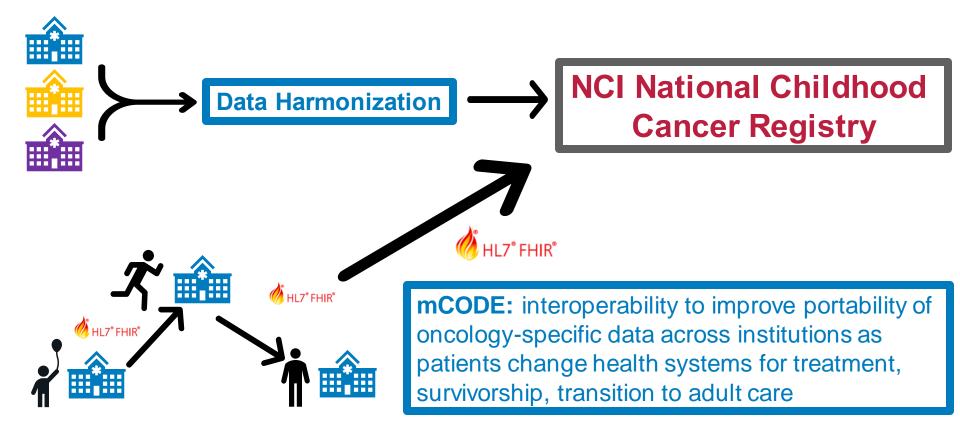
- Expand mCODE to include data elements specific to childhood cancer
 - Identify data required for pediatric cancer
 - Compare with existing FHIR resources
 - Prioritize data
 - Determine data flow requirements
 - Model and align with other work
 - Propose mCODE update



CC-DIRECT: Leveraging mCODE to create a standardized cancer health record

- Enable automatic extraction of discrete data elements from the electronic health record to align with data standards for NCCR
 - Generate real-world data evidence
 - Reduce time-intensive harmonization of data
 - Promote interoperability of data to support clinical and patient navigation from diagnosis through survivorship

Data Standards



Childhood Cancer Survivorship as a Use Case



Risk Prediction Calculators

Acute Ovarian Failure Risk
Prediction Calculator

Learn More

Kidney Failure Calculator

Learn More

Breast Cancer Probability

Calculator



Primary Ovarian Insufficiency Risk Calculator



Cardiovascular Risk Calculator

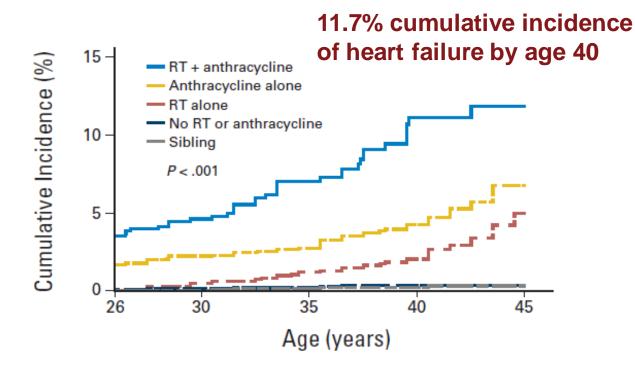




Maps treatment exposures to LTFU Guidelines



Late Cardiovascular Disease Risk Stratification



Data Elements
Included in NCCR,
CC-DIRECT

Data Elements

Anthracycline dose and field-specific radiation doses known, age at diagnosis, gender

(Chow et al 2015; Armstrong et al 2020)

Take Home Points

- The NCCR enhances central cancer registry data with linked and harmonized data from hospitals, NCI-Designated Cancer Centers, administrative data sources and multiple other sources
- Data standards are essential for interoperability across the CCDI Data Ecosystem
- The NCCR Data Platform is a new data resource for cancer research
- Future direction includes integrating with mCODE and HemOnc.org

Q&A

Join Us at Our Next Event

CCDI Federated Data: Enhancing Data Discoverability

Tuesday, August 13, 2024, from 1:00-2:00 p.m. ET

A new advancement for querying genomic, clinical, imaging, and biospecimen data is through a standard application programming interface (API). We invite the broader community to hear from representative members of the demonstration project and learn about advancing research through CCDI data federation.

Learn more and register at events.cancer.gov/ccdi/webinar

How You Can Engage with CCDI



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Access CCDI data and resources:

ccdi.cancer.gov



Questions? Email us at:

NCIChildhoodCancerDataInitiative@mail.nih.gov

Thank you for attending!

